INTERNATIONAL E-CONFERENCE-10 th MAY

CONTENT AND ESSENCE OF INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT

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Abstract. Today, the concept of innovation is entering every aspect. Everyone knows that this is happening in all aspects of the economy. Therefore, this article focuses on the definitions given to them, including some information about the concept of innovation, innovative technology, its essence and objects.

Key words: innovation, innovative technology, innovative activity, educational process, educational effectiveness, educational content.

Before studying the essence and content of innovative development, it is necessary to create an idea about the expression "innovation". This concept is taken from the English language and means "innovation". This concept was used for the first time by cultural scientists of the 19th century. The changes that appeared as a result of the influence of the cultures of different nations on each other were interpreted as novelty, that is, innovation. From the beginning of the 20th century, this phrase entered the lexicon of economists. In this case, scientists and specialists began to study innovations as an important means of getting out of crises that occur from time to time in the economy. It is known that the ability of the economy to overcome the consequences of the crisis determines its level of innovation.

It is recognized that innovation, as a key factor, helps to create conditions for ensuring economic growth, solving environmental and social problems. In developing countries, innovation is a source of wealth and job creation and economic growth. At the same time, this innovation ensures that technological innovation is managed differently in developed and developing countries through research and development (R&D). Nontechnological innovations that use novelty and existing knowledge and create new value in the market are not recorded in official statistics.

The last half century has seen different approaches to development with varying degrees of success. The problems of poverty and inequality are growing, not decreasing,



" INNOVATIVE TRENDS IN SCIENCE, PRACTICE AND EDUCATION" – Ankara, Turkey

INTERNATIONAL E-CONFERENCE-10 th MAY

and finding solutions to these and other problems like climate change is critical. The world is still reeling from a massive financial crisis that continues to affect the private sector and crowdfunding of development.

At this point, it is appropriate to recall the interpretation of the studied concept given in the Oxford explanatory dictionary. In it, "innovation" is explained as "a new approach to the production or sale of goods, construction". As a result of using innovations, the innovator or his company will have an advantage over competitors.

The modern interpretation of the term "innovation" belongs to the famous economist Y. Schumpeter. According to him, innovation is a radical change in the production function, consisting of the new addition and commercialization of all new combinations based on the use of new materials and components, the introduction of new processes, the opening of new markets, the introduction of new organizational forms. At this point, it should be noted that these points presented in K.Shodimetov's manual entitled "Use of alternative energy sources and its economic prospects" are also important.

Innovation is not material production or investment concentration. Some researchers, including scientists such as E. Toffler, F. Fukuyama, D. Bell, J. Naisbit, put forward the opinion that "only a country that relies on innovative technologies will achieve a high level of development." Actually it is. After all, it is a simple fact that the place of the industrialized economy will gradually be replaced by the innovative economy. As a result, new markets are discovered. Therefore, in order to realize innovative goals, it is necessary to give incentives to private investments, to form modern banks, to guarantee and insure innovations, to support small and private businesses, and to attract national and foreign investments for large-scale technological projects. In addition, in this regard, the improvement of laws regulating innovation policy is also important. The World Intellectual Property Organization (WIRO) recognizes in its reports that innovative development is gaining momentum in about 20 countries that strictly adhere to the above requirements. Switzerland, USA, Sweden, UK, Netherlands, Finland, Hong Kong, Singapore, Taiwan, Japan, South Korea, Malaysia, Denmark and Ireland are among them.¹.

1 К.Шодиметов. Муқобил энергия манбаларидан фойдаланиш ва унинг иқтисодий истиқболлари. –Т.: "ILM ZIYO". 2014. 14 бет

" INNOVATIVE TRENDS IN SCIENCE, PRACTICE AND EDUCATION" – Ankara, Turkey



INTERNATIONAL E-CONFERENCE-10 th MAY

Innovation is the introduction of a new product or service to the market, the implementation of new production processes, the promotion of products or services, new forms of production organization or types of activities, the creation of new markets or the acquisition of a large share of the new process in the current market and existing markets. is a focused effort².

In the innovative economy, the main attention is paid to production based on high technologies, innovative organization of various fields of science and technology and human activity, formation of an innovative system in the economy, computer technologies and telecommunication systems.

The innovative type of development is directly characterized by the availability and growth of scientific and technical potential, the large-scale attraction of investments in various fields, and leads to an increase in the number of innovatively active enterprises.

In the innovative system of development, special attention is paid to the formation of the national innovative system. The concept of the national innovation system as an important sign of the innovation economy entered the science in the 70s of the 20th century.

According to K. Freeman, the national innovation system is a combination of economic entities and social institutions (values, values) that participate in the development, storage, distribution and transformation of new knowledge into new technologies in the creation of new technologies, products and services consumed by society, rights) is a complex system.

The evolutionary economic theory, which studies the laws of technological consistency and its historical logical sequence, is based on the concepts of "technical economic paradigm" and "technological trajectory". He notes that economic growth at the macro level depends on diversity and uncertainty on the one hand, and on the micro level on the harmonization, proportionality, coordination and standardization of economic processes.

Innovative ideas should be reliable and adequate for the real educational needs of people and society, they should be adapted to specific goals, tasks and technologies.

² Edited by Erika Kraemer-Mbula and Watu Wamae. "Innovation and the Development Agenda". International Development Research Centre PO Box 8500, Ottawa, ON, Canada K1G 3H9. © OECD/IDRC

INTERNATIONAL SCIENTIFIC E-CONFERENCE " INNOVATIVE TRENDS IN SCIENCE, PRACTICE AND EDUCATION" – Ankara, Turkey

160

" INNOVATIVE TRENDS IN SCIENCE, PRACTICE AND EDUCATION" – Ankara, Turkey



INTERNATIONAL E-CONFERENCE-10 th MAY

Innovation should cover the mind and material of all members of the pedagogical team, innovative activity should be morally and materially encouraged, legal support of innovative activity is important. In pedagogical activity, not only the result, but also the method, material, methods of achieving it are important.

In conclusion, it can be said that in the innovative processes taking place today, not only in the economic sectors, but also in the educational system, they are able to change new information and evaluate the acquired knowledge by themselves, independent and free-thinking individuals are needed who make the necessary decisions.

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